## **Affinity Water**

Drought Plan
Strategic Environmental
Assessment – Environmental
Report
Appendix G



## **Affinity Water**



## **Contents**

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## **G.** Drought Permit Assessment Matrices

Assessment Cover Information
AMER
Affinity Water
AMER pumping stallon is located in the River Misbourne calchment. Under the terms of the drought permit, Affinity Water would seek to increase abstraction at the site by 8 M/id. The proposed uplift is the same both before and after the planned 2024 sustainability reduction at the site. This permit option has not changed from our previous drought plan.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construc	Construction Effects Oper		Construction Effects O		Construction Effects Operation		truction Effects Operational Effects Comment		Mitigation	Residual Construction Effects + -		Residual O Effe	perational ects
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protest and enhance blockwestly, priority species, withvestlesh abitates and habitat connectivity (no loss and improve connectivity where possible)	0	0	o		Modelling was used to inform the EARs which his been used to inform the SEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chaik agaifer than provious models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flows, which are generally underestimated by the model. It should be noted that for this reason, the results presented in the EARs and the SEA are generally highly conservative and/or uncertain and usual respects the work. The transfer of the Chair of the Cha	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA Mitigation measures will be feature, location, species and community specific, and will be targeted only to those impact that arise implementation (se opposed to those artising due to environmentation for sopposed to those artising due to environmentation for the EA which show prepared as part of the EA which show prepared as part of the EA which show the EA which shows the EA which show the EA which shows the EA which show the EA which	o	0	0					
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within urban land. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	-	The option is within Flood Zone 2 and is at high risk of surface water flooding. There is no new infrastructure, however existing asset may be vulnerable to flooding.	Implement measures to reduce flood risk, however likely that residual flood risk will remain therefore minor effects identified.	0	0	0					
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	o	0	0		Modelling uses used in inform the CARs which has been used to inform the CEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chalk aguilfer the provision models. However there are problems with the califaction of flows, in particular loss flows, which may be provision models for the provision models. However there are problems are sent in the CARs and the RSA are pereally lightly convervable and or uncertain and would represent the worst-new or the provision of the provision of the provision are sent of the provision are provided as a result of the option. Water quality imprisons they so consider a factor of the representation of the provision are likely to be less than what would corur with matural drought. Modelling shows drought abstraction will replace daying reaches and time frame assuming contains use so obtained prepared any or the result of the provision and time frame assuming which are provided represent and contained the provision and time frame assuming which are provided represent any contains the provision design of the provision of the provis	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the volume required for elastraction. Mitigation will be footssed on specific ecological impacts associated with more reactions arising from the associated with more reactions arising from the control of the permit implementation, and finally post drought.	o	0	O					
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0	٠	0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods. Positive effect identified, however it is not a long-term solution.	N/A	0	0	+	0				
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	o	0	0		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase from increased abstraction and processing and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0					
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0	-	The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is located within an area classed as having priority habitat which is of high vulnerability to dimate change.	Monitor river levels and implement appropriate mitigation as required during a drought period.	0	0	0					
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	Option within the Children national leadscape character areas and within 200m of Children ADNII. No direct impacts but there is potential for negative effects on visual amenity and landscape-character resulting from increment abstraction during a period of drought. However, this is considered negligible in the context of being in a drought situation which will cause natural effects on the landscape.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	o	The option within 500m numerous listed buildings. The AMER EAR also considers additional horitage features invisiting Mostal of it in Challed Wood, 100m north westfood within 100m and the second within 100m and the second within 100m and	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to expire the hydrological fullwace around the drought permits in relation to these types of assets implement appropriate militagation if required.  Consult with Historic England.	0	0	0	0				
Population and Human	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	o	0	0	Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. However, the AMER EAR (2022) identifies negligible effects on recreation therefore neutral effects are identified. Residents are a	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0				

Assessment Cover Information
FULL
Affinity Water
FULL is located in the River Mirroran catchment, Just north of Welveyn Affinity Water would seek an increase in abstraction from the source to 6 M/ld and disaggregation with the Digwell source. This would result in a 9 M/ld increase in abstraction from the Mirroran catchment for public water supply. As a potential initigation option, Affinity Water propose that up to 3 Mild could be discharged to the Mirroran as river support which the permit is in effect, if the full drought permit volume is not required for supply. By monitoring the catchment during droughts, Affinity Water know that this is likely to provide water to reaches that would otherwise be naturally dry.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Constructi	ion Effects	Operatio	inal Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co	onstruction ects	Residual (	operational ects
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and arrhence biodiversity polority species, vulnerable hobitats and habitat connectivity (no loss and improve connectivity where possible)	o	0	0		Modelling was used to inform the LARs which has been used to inform the SLA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chalk aguiller than previous models. Newer there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flows, which are generally underestimated by the model. It should be noted that for the reach, the results prevented in the LARs and the SLA are generally highly conservative ancient uncertain and used represent the work care extends another than the results are supported than the LARs and the SLA are generally highly conservative ancient uncertain and used represent the work care extends another than the substances of the substances of the substances and the substances are substances and s	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the full Mingdaton measures with the feature, teachers, species Mingdaton measures with the feature, teachers, species of the control of the feature special species of the feature special s	0	0	0	
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within urban land. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0		The option is within Flood Zone 2 and is at high risk of surface water flooding. There is no new infrastructure, however existing asset may be vulnerable to flooding.	Implement measures to reduce flood risk, however likely that residual flood risk will remain therefore minor effects identified.	0	0	0	
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources.	0	0	0		Modelling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the SEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chalk agailer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flows, which are generally underestimated by the model. It should be noted that for this reason, the results presented in the EARs and the SEA are generally highly conservative and/or uncertain and would represent the worst-care scenario rather than the expected outcome. The expected outcome has been presented by the model of the control of the presented outcome. The expected outcome has a result of the option. Mater quality presented in the expected outcome. One flows, however impacts concluded progressly representative the control one flows. However, the following potential reparts on hydrogeology/phydiology in the refrest reaches within the leaffed study are seen finance flows the control of the potential reduction in flows: and the present on phydrogeology/phydiology in the re-reaches within the leaffed study are seen from the present of dry large and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduction in flows: and the leaffer that the present of phydrogeology and potential reduc	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the volume required for for supply, up to 3M/of could be discharged into the Minman as rise support with the drought permit is in effect. Mitigation will be focused on specific in the effect. Mitigation will be focused on specific arising from the inspectmentation of the consideration of the second of the drought permit. Water quality and river flower/groundwater permit water flower/ground	0	0	0	
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0		0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, however it is not a long-term resilient solution	N/A	0	0		0
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No carbon data available: There is no new Infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase from increased abstraction and processing and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0	
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is located within an area classed as having priority habit at which is of high valnerability to climate change.	Monitor river levels and implement appropriate mitigation as required during a drought period.	0	0	0	
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the Chilterns national landscape character area. The option is not likely to effect the setting, character or views of the landscape. There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	0	The option within 500m of numerous kited buildings. The TULL LAR also considers additional heritage features within the study area of the TULL option including Temple to Robinsy Registered Pair and Corden: S1 Paul Y Wilder Rury Registered Pair and Corden: S1 Paul Y Wilder Rury Registered Pair and Corden Except Registered Pair and Pair	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to explore the hydrological influence around the drought permits in relation to these bypes of assets. Ingelement appropriate mitigation if required. Consult with Historic England.	0	0	0	0
	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Population and Human Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0		Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. The FULL EAR (2022) identifies the potential for negligible to low impacts on recreation as a result of the option. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally. A minor negative effect has been identified.	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0
waterial PSSEIS	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	SEA Metrics	Positive Negative	1 -16					Positive Negative	1 .9		

	Assessment Cover Information
Option Nam	PICC
Water compan	Affinity Water
Option Descriptio	PICC abstraction is located in the River Gade catchment. Under the terms of the drought permit, Affinity Water would seek to uplift the permitted abstraction from this source and the Upper Gade catchment by 6.4 Mil/d. This permit option has not changed from our previous drought plan.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construction Effects		Construction Effects		Construction Effects		Operation	ial Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual ( Ef	Construction fects	Residual C	perational ects
Biodiversity, flora and fauns	Protect and dehance biodisently, priority, species, subvertable bubbles are habitatis on habitatis connectivity (no loss and improve, connectivity where possible)	0	0	o		Modeling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the EAR. The model has a more complier representation of the Chalk aguiller than previous models. however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flow, which are generally under estimated by the model. It is should be noted that for this reason, the results prevented the MEARS and the EAR are generally half or flows estimated by the model. It is should be noted that for this reason, the results prevented the MEARS and the EAR are generally half procreative and ordinary and would be represented the work of the PEARS and the EAR are generally half procreative and ordinary and the results are represented to the procream half and the process of the procream and	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA Mitigation measures will be feature. location, species and community specific, and will be trappleted only to those impact, that the trappleted mitigation of the brain properties and the service of	0	0	0					
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option within agricultural land classed as grade 3 land and is not anticipated to have an effect given there is no new infrastructure required for this option.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	0	Drought permit option is located within Flood Zone 1 therefore at low risk of flooding from rivers and the sea. The option also has very low risk of surface water flooding. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0	0	o		Modelling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the SEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chalk aquifer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flows, which are generally underestimated by the model. It should be noted that for this respective the work care scenario railbre than the expected outcome.  During drough the hartant condition will be lower with river perching optiontally leading to pooling and day reaches. Coroundwater modeling producted to be maintained at Water End. Downstream flow will be lower with river perching optiontally leading to pooling and day reaches. Coroundwater modeling producted the best manufactured on the production on power for both and set long to the control of the production of the p	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the volume required for abstraction. Mitigation will be focused on specific ecological impacts associated with flow reductions arising from the implementation of the drought permit. Water monitoring will be taken throughout, including will be taken throughout, including will be taken through permit implementation, and finally post drought.	0	o	0					
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0		0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, however it is not a long-term resilient solution.	N/A	0	0		0				
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AOMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No curbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, curbon may be generated during the operational phase from increased abstraction and processing and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0					
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is located within an area classed as having priority habitat which is of high vulnerability to climate change.	Monitor river levels and implement appropriate mitigation as required during a drought period.	0	0	0					
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the Chilterns national landscape character area. The option is not likely to effect the setting, character or views of the landscape. There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	0	There are several listed buildings within 500m of option and the option is within 500m of Gasdetridge Roman villa Scheduled Monument. The PICC LAR also considers additional heritage features within the study area of the PICC option including: The Charter Tower, Hermil Heritage features within the study area of the PICC option including: The Charter Tower, Hermil Heritage features within the study area of the PICC option including: The Charter Tower, Hermil Heritage features within the Charter Tower of the Ch	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to epicore the hydrological influence around the dural premiss in relation to these types of assets. Implement appropriate miligation i	0	0	0	o				
	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Population and Human Health	economic and social wellbeing  Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0	-	Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. The PICCEAR (2022) identifies the potential for negligible to low impacts on recreation as a result of the option. Residents are a	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0					
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
iviateriai ASSETS	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	o	0	0				

Assessment Cover Information
RUNGS
Affinity Water
Affinity Water greenand source at RUNGS is located within the catchment of the River Lea. The Lower Greensands aquifer is located deep below the Chalk and the two units are not hydraulically connected, with the greenand aquifer being recharged from the area in the Anglian region. As a result, abstraction from this source does not have the potential to impact the River Lea but may exhibit a small, delayed impact in the outcrop area. Under the terms of the permit, we would seek to upfill abstraction by 5.3 M/of their current licensed rales.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective Construction		Construction Effects		Construction Effects		Construction Effects		nal Effects -	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co Effo +	onstruction ects -	Residual C Effi +	perational ects -
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and enhance blockwestly, priority species, subreadle habitats and habitat connectivity (no loss and improve connectivity where possible)	0		0		Modelling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the SIA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chaik applier than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of those, in particular low flows, which are generally underestimated by the model, it housed be noted that for the reason, the results presented in the EARs and the SIA are generally highly connevative and/or uncertain and would represent the worst-case scenario rather than the expected outcome. The RIMCS EAR (2012) identified potential for moderate (proceeding effects on Fillack More SIA) (Part SIA Securities 2, 21.7%. As a result of alternation to the environmental condition, given the high groundwater table present at this site, particularly within the vetterals habitate present at the site. The restraction is water may result in the inture opportunistic terestrial grass species as the site may undergo succession should recturge ratios not be sufficient. The impacts to the site will be temporary in nature. Moderate (uncertain) effects are also included as CWID it however there is uncertainty around the dependence of west woods and leasths SIA (EARS SIA) and so the site will be a temporary in nature. Proceedings in the site of the site	Best practice miligation to minimise disturtance effects on habitats during the construction phase. Precautionary monitoring and miligation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA. Miligation measures sale the feature specifically as a result of drought permit implementation for proposed on those arising due to environmental drought precursor). An opposition of the Carlo	O		O					
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is located in an area classed as urban land. The option is within 200m of a historic landfill site. Given the nature of the construction works (upgrades to the treatment plant), the option is not likely to result in the disturbance of contaminants during the construction.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	0	The option within Flood Zone 1 therefore it is at low risk of flooding from rivers and the sea. The option is also located in an area at very low risk of surface water flooding.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0		o	o	Modelling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the SEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Chalk agader than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular low flows, which are generally underectimated by the model. It should be noted that for this reason, the results presented in the EARs and the SEA are generally happly commentals early or uncertain and would represent the worst-care scorning rather than the expected outcome. The option is not within proximity to any surface water receptors, however these is potential for the construction phase to result in the program of the second of the property		o	o	o	o				
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0	+	0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, however it is not a long-term resilient solution.	N/A	0	0	+	0				
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0		0	0	The option is not within 500m of an AOMA. Construction phase involves construction of a new pump, operational building, pipeline and monitoring equipment which is likely to have minor and temporary impact on localised air quality.	Best practice mitigation measures likely to be implemented during construction phase, however minor and temporary impacts on air quality are likely to still occur.	0		0	0				
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0		0		No carbon data available for this option. There is some minor construction work associated with this option including a new pump, operational building, pipeline and monitoring equipment. Carbon will be generated from materiats used to construct the new infrastructure (embodied carbon), construction activities and from operation.	Investigate use of renewables during construction and operation for energy supply and use of materials with lower embodied carbon. Carbon footprint study could help identify areas for carbon savings or alternative materials. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0		0					
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0	0	The option will be abstracting from the Lower Greensand agulfer which has high storativity. As such, it is not anticipated that the option will significantly affect the local environment's realisence to climate change. The option is not mapped as an area with priority habitat which is valientable to climate change.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the Chilterns national landscape character area and within 2km of an area of Green Belt and Chilterns ADNB.  However, no impacts on these designations are anticipated. Limited potential for visual impact due to the nature of the works and location within existing treatment works.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	0	The option is not within 500m of any historic assets therefore no effects are anticipated. There is limited potential for buried archaeology to be affected as a result of the construction works given it is located within easiting treatment works site. Given the option is abstracting from the Lower Greenand auglier which is desired first on base high storily and there will be regiplize effects on the water environment during the operation of the option, there is not likely to be effects on any water / drought sensitive assets.	N/A	ō	o	ō	0				
Population and Human	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0		0	0	The option is within 500m of a school, church and greenspace sites. There is likely to be minimal and temporary disturbance effects on users of these sites and the local community during construction. No operational impacts are identified.	Best practice mitigation measures e.g. noise management to be implemented to minimise effects during construction and land will be reinstated. However, minor and temporary effects are likely to still occur.	0		0	0				
Population and Human Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	-	0	0	The option is within 500m of a playing field and public park. There is potential for there to be minimal and temporary disturtance effects on users of these sites and the local community during construction. No operational impacts are identified. There is not anticipated to be any effects on necreation as a result of the option. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally.	Best practice mitigation measures e.g. noise management to be implemented to minimise effects during construction and land will be reinstated. However, minor and temporary effects are likely to still occur.	0		0	0				
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0		0	0	The option is anticipated to generate minor levels of weste during works to upgrade the existing treatment works.	Seek opportunity to implement sustainable design measures (design to reduce footprint, selection of materials) and reuse excavated material to reduce the impact, however it is likely that minor negative effects will remain.	ō		ō	0				
	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0		a	0	The option is within 500m from a main road (M1) and National Cycleway, however effects are not anticipated due to the distance from the works and scale of works. There may be localised traffic disruption during construction.	Best practice measures including a Traffic Management Plan to be implemented to minimise disturbance during construction. However, minor and temporary effects are likely to still occur.	0		0	0				

Assessment Cover Information
THUN
Affinity Water
The THAN source is located in the Sleve Sils culciment. Under the proposed drought germit in behavioral from (Net) producinish which notionary, constrains delated in when the Sleve is the Sleve is the Sleve is not seen to the Sleve is the Sleve is not seen to the Sleve is the Sleve is not seen to the Sleve is not seen t

		Const	ruction	Op <u>er</u>	ational			Res	idual	Resi	dual
SEA Topic				Effects Co							
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and enhance blookweety, priority species, habitatic connectable; yie of los and improve connectably where possible;	0	0	0		Modelling was used to inform the EAR which has been used to inform the EAR. The model has a more complex representation of the Chaik agailer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, is particular low flows, which are generally underedimented by the model. It should be noted that for this reason, the results representation of the Chaik and the EAR are generally highly conservative and the control of the EAR and prevention of the EAR and the EAR	Precuitionary monitoring and militage in measures have been EA. Militigation measures have been EA. Militigation measures will be feature, location, species and temperature of the second process of the second part of the s	0	0	o	
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within Grade 3 agricultural land, however it is not anticipated there will be any effects. There are no historic landfill sites within 200m.	NA NA	0	0	0	0
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	0	The option is within Flood Zone 1 and is located in an area with very low risk of surface water flooding	N/A	0	0	0	0
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	o	o	0		Modeling are used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the EA. The model has a more complex regressitation of the Chaik aquiller than previous models, however there are preliable with the additional foliable in the control of the Chaik applied than previous models, however there are preliable with the control of the Chaik applied than previous models, however the previous dependent of the control of the Chaik applied than the EAR are previously helpy connectated and of uncertainty and experted the word access control and that the operated such as the previously dependent and the control of the control	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the valuers for the control of the control of will be focused on a specific ecological impacts associated with drow reductions arising from the permit. Water guality and river permit. Water guality and river flower/goundance for elect monitoring will be taken throughout, including absolute monitoring, during the baseline monitoring, during the drought permit implementation, and finally goot drought.	0	0	0	
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0	٠	0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods. However, this is not a long term resilient solution.	N/A	0	0	٠	0
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase from increased abstraction and processing and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0	
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce realizence of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is located within an area classed as having priority habitat which is of high vulnerability to climate change.	Monitor river levels and implement appropriate mitigation as required during a drought period.	0	0	0	
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the South Suffolk and North Essec (Lyydand national landscape, character area. The option is not likely to effect the setting, character or views of the landscape.  There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	0	The agilion is not within \$50m of any phoint; such a therefore no effects are articipated. The THEFE \$65,0000 yields countries additional heritage features within the study are so if the More price including the production of the study of	Further baseline collection and axessment will be required at a more detailed stage to explore the hydrological influence around the drought permits in relation to these lyses of axest. Implement appropriate milit	0	0	0	0
	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Population and Human Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0		Drought pormit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. The THAN SAR (2002) identifies the potential for negligible to low impacts on recreation as a result of the option. Besidents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow muturally. A minor regulate effect has been identified.	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0

Assessment Cover Information
WHIH
Affinity
The WHH source is located in the River Bianne catchment. Under the terms of the drought permit, Affinity Water propose to discharge up to 3 M/d to the River Bianne as river support whilst the permit is in operation and during the recovery phase, if the full drought permit volume is not required for supply. This would provide a source of water to the river environment at a time when it is likely to be naturally dry.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construct	tion Effects	Operatior +	nal Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co	instruction icts	Residual C	perational ects
Blodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and enhance blodhesetty, priority species, withvestels habitats and habitat connectivity for loss and improve connectivity where possible)	0	0	o		Modelling usis used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the SEA. The model has a more complex representation of the Dalk squifer than previous models. Nowever there are problems with the calibration of flores. In principal road flores, and the squifer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flores, and problems are generally heighly conservative and/or uncertain and would represent the worst-case scenario rather than the expected are generally heighly conservative and/or uncertain and would represent the worst-case scenario rather than the expected as a spenically heighly conservative and/or uncertain and would represent the worst-case scenario rather than the expected spanificant effect. The WHHI EAR (DO22) identifies regigible effects on Anneed Caury TSSS and Ry Ry Models Models SSS and ANNEED ANN	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA. Mitigation measures will be feature, Eaction, species of the property of the EAR which sets out monitoring an precautionary size prior to implementation for the EAR which sets out monitoring an a precautionary size prior to implementation or on a precautionary size prior to implementation or on the property of the prior to property of the promits in operation and during the recovery phase. If the full operation and during the recovery phase, if the full operation and during the recovery phase in the property of the promits in operation and during the recovery phase. If the full operation and during the recovery phase in the first own of the property of the property of the promits in operation and during the recovery phase. If the full operation is the property of the prope	a	o	o	
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within Grade 3 agricultural land and non-agricultural land, however the option will not likely lead to the disturbance of solls. The option is over 200m from authorised and historic landfill sites.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0		Option is within Flood Zone 3 therefore at risk from flooding from rivers or the sea. The option is located within an area at very low risk of surface water flooding.	Implement measures to reduce flood risk, however likely that residual flood risk will remain therefore minor effects identified.	0	0	0	
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0	0	0		Modeling was used to inform the EARs which has been used to inform the EAR. He model has a more complex representation of the Chail squifer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, in particular loss flows, which was any exercised problems of the chail squifer than previous models, however there are problems with the calibration of flows, a particular loss flows, which was a generally highly consorvable and/or uncertain as an expension of the control of the	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the volume required for abstraction. Militation will be focused on specific sections of the produced of the production	o	o	o	
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0		0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, therefore, there may be a short-term temporary positive effect on water supplies, however it is not a long-term resilient solution and would only be actioned under extreme drought conditions.	N/A	0	0	+	0
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AGMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase from increased abstraction and processing and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	o	ō	ō	
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is in an area with priority habitat which is identified as having high vulnerability to climate change.	Monitor river levels	0	0	0	
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the South Suffolk and North Essex Claylands national landscape character area. However, no impacts on these designations are anticipated. Limited potential for visual impact due to the nature of the works.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	0	The option is within 200m of grade II listed buildings and structures and within 500m of Benington Londship Registered Park and Carden. The WHHI EAR also considers additional heritage features within the study area of the WHHI option Including Benington Londship Carden Carde	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to explore the hydroclopial influence around the doubt premits in relation to these types of assets. Implement appropriate mitigation f	o	0	0	0
	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Population and Human Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0		Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. The WHIH EAR (2022) identifies the potential for negligible to low impacts on recreation as a result of the option. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally. A finit	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	
	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Material Assets	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0

Assessment Cover Information
SBUC
Affinity Water
SBUC pumping station is located adjacent to the Biver Dour and is subject to a both a hands off flow constraint and river support clause on the abstraction license. This constrains abstraction when the flow in the river is low, and also requires discharge to the Dour of half the volume of water which is abstracted for public water supply. Under the terms of the permit, this condition would be themportly suppended. This vould make an additional 2MIAI of value readilate for supply propries suring a drought expenditure.

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construction Effects		Construction Effects		Construction Effects		Operation +	nal Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co Effe	onstruction ects	Residual C Effe	perational ects
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and enhance blodbenshy, priority species, wirenable habitats and habitat someonething for so and improve connectivity or better possible)	0	0	0		Dover to Kingdown Cliffs SSSI. Lydden and Temple Ewell Downs SSSI and Alitham, Lydden and Swingfield Woods SSSI all with SOURM. However, no all-exter effects on integes to designated sites, and/or their qualifying features.  With SOURM index on a diverse effects on integes to designated sites, and/or their qualifying features.  Whith SOURM index on the source of the source of the source of their qualifying features.  White Source of the source of their sourc	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA, the proposed for agreement with the EA, and the supposed for agreement with the EA, and the supposed for amountary specific, and will be tapped and the proposed for a fine supposed for proposed in part of the EA with the set out implementation of the couple premit to establish the provision proposed for a fine supposed for supposed for a fine supposed for a fine supposed for a fine supposed for sup	O	0	0					
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is located on urban land and does not overlap any agricultural land. The option is over 200m from authorised landfill sites or historic landfill sites.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	0	The option is located with Flood Zone 1 therefore at low risk of flooding from rivers or the sea. It is also located in an area with a low risk of surface water flooding.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0	o	O		The draft SBULEAR (2018) concluded, on a precautionary basis, the potential for major and temporary effects on hydrology /hydrogeology in the Beach 1 Lower Dour from SBULE to the tidal limit has a result of the option I take identified the potential for negligible to moderal real-first convaler quality. However, as noted, these preferat zero an percupiaty basis. The option is writtin 5P2 1, however the option will not result in any effects to the SPZ. The option is not writtin a NVZ.	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit for reduce the volume required interest of the column required impacts associated with flow reductions arising from the implementation of the drought permit. Water quality and river flows/ground-vaster level montrieng with be taken throughout, including passelline with the column reduced in the column reduced to the drought permit implementation, and finally post drought.	0	o	o	-				
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0	+	0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods but isn't a long term resilient water supply	N/A	0	0	+	0				
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	O		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0					
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by reducing river support during a drought period. The option is identified to be an in area where priority habitats are considered to have medium to high vulnerability to climate change effects.	Monitor river levels and implement appropriate mitigation as required during a drought period.	0	0	0					
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	The option is within the North Downs national landscape character area. The option is not likely to effect the setting, character or views of the landscape. There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	o	O	o	The ception is within 500 and Bouldered House (Goods 1) and Plantsh Thurth AS Androws Bouldered (Frode 11) This section (A). The SEE (SEE date on condison desidered herbilders within the starty are with the SEE date plant and the SEE (SEE of the Condison Associated Monament: SE Martin's Frode y formation of Scheduled Monament: The Planted House, Not Market Street Scheduled Monament has been been been section of the SEE (SEE of SEE o	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to explore the hydrological influence around the drought permits in relation to these level of assets implement appropriate mitigation if required. Consult with Historic England.	0	0	0	0				
	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	o	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
Population and Human Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0	0	Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. However, the draft SBUC EAR (2016) Identified negligible effects for angling and recreation therefore neutral effect identified. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally.	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	0				
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0				
	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0				

Assessment Cover Information								
	SDRE							
	Affinity Water							
	The SDRE source is also located in the catchment of the River Dour. The source is subject to a HoF constraint which limits output when local groundwater levels are low. Under the terms of the permit, this condition would be temporarily suspended. This would provide an additional 2 Mild of water for supply purposes during a drought event.							

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construct	tion Effects	Operation	nal Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co Effe	nstruction cts	Residual C Eff	perational ects
Biodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and enhance blodiversity, priority species, valentable habitats and rabital social social good processing upon the protection of the processing of t	0	0	0		The eption is booked approximately 3.5mm from Folkeshore to Estimaphill Excarpment SSSI which is a CHOTT. Folkestone Namen SSS. Rebban, Lighden and Swingheld Woods SSS and Lydden and Temple Event Brown SSS are side within SSM. The SDRE EAR (2019) identified that the epidon would not have an effect on these SSSS. Option within a SSSI REZ.  The IRAS Stage 1.5 Servening (Bicardo, 2029) described not likely significant effects on Parkyalaple Downs SAC, Lydden and Tempel Event Downs SAC, Rippdown CHT SAC as they are not water dependent, and no hydrological links were destribed. The Indicators to Estimating Interpreted SAC is SOVI's the however the Side Indirection for the Stage Interpreted SAC is SOVI's the however the Side Indirection Folkers of the Stage Interpreted SAC is SOVI's the however the Side Indirection Folkers (SAC Interpreted SAC is SOVI's the however the Side Indirection Folkers (SAC Interpreted SAC Inte	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the £A. Mitigation measures will be feature. Location, specied and community special, and will be targeted only to advance of the special community special, and will be targeted only to droughly permit implementation in exposure to droughly permit implementation in exposure those arring due to environmental Monitoring Pairs (EMP) has been prepared and or of the £AR which sets our monitoring on a precautionary basis prior to implementation of the output permit to establish monitoring to be carried out during implementation (graftically to from and trigger any potential mitigation measure) and post-implementation.	0	0	0	
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within Grade 3 agricultural land. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect. The option is over 200m from an authorised landfill site or historic landfill sites.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0	0	The option is located with Flood Zone 1 therefore at low risk of flooding from rivers or the sea. It is also located in an area with a very low risk of surface water flooding.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0	0	0		The EAR (2018) Identified potential for reduced flows and reduction in water quality. For the hydrology/ hydrogeology, the EAR concluded, on a precautiously bask, the following potential impacts as a result of the option. Major impacts in learn 34 trainfed vection and in Reach 34 trainfed vection and in Reach 34 trainfed vection and in Reach 34 trainfed vection. Protential negligible to moderate impact on water quality west esterificial score saft foor reaches reviewed any of the EAR Indevent as noted the impacts are provided on a precautionary basis. Option is within 597.1, however the option will not result in any effects to the 597. The option is not within a NVZ.	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce the volume required Mitigation will be thoused on specific required. Mitigation will be thoused on specific required to the permit of the	o	0	0	
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0	+	0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, however it is not a long- term resilient solution.	N/A	0	0	٠	0
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Climatic Factors	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	o	0	
	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is not within an area identified as having priority habitat which is vulnerable to climate change.	Monitor river levels	0	0	0	
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	0	option is within the North Downs landscape character areas and within the Kent Downs ADMB. However, this is not considered a groundwater dependent site and any potential impacts are considered negligible as per the SDRE EAR (2018).  The option is over soom room instance assess invented the roblems are amorpaised. The SDRE DAY also considers of	N/A	0	0	0	0
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	o	0	0	mer opanish over sold in early makes about the early recognish over sold in early makes about the early controlled to the earl	Further baseline collection and assessment will be required at a more detailed stage to explore the hydrocogot influence around the drought permits in relation to these types of assets, implement appropriate militigation frequired. Consult with Historic England.	0	0	0	o
Population and Human	Maintain and enhance the health and wellbeing of the local community, including economic and social wellbeing	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0	0	Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. However, the SBUC EAR (2018) identified negligible effects for angling and recreation. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally.	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	0
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.	N/A	0	0	0	0
WALL OF THE PLANE IS	Avoid negative effects on built assets and infrastructure	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0

Assessment Cover Information								
	SLYE							
	Affinity Water							
	The SIYE source is located in the River Dour catchment and is subject to a Hands off Level (field) constraint, which limits output when local groundwater levels are low. Under the terms of the permit, this condition would be temporarily suspended. This would provide an additional 3.5 M/ld of water for supply purposes during a drought event.							

SEA Topic	SEA Objective	Construction Effects		Operatio	nal Effects	Comment	Mitigation	Residual Co Effe		Residual C Eff	perational ects
Blodiversity, flora and fauna	Protect and derhance blockweally priority species, wherealth biblints and nabital connectivity to loss and improve connectivity where possible)	0	0	0		The option directly encroaches upon Alham. Lydden and Sainglied Woods SSS (1.5% unfavourable-decising, 21.94% unfavourable-recovering, 76.56% Invocable) and therefore has the potential to be impacted by the option. The site is not a cWIDT. However, the Dart SLE CRE (2010) outlines that terrestrial vegetation at the site would drought pean. The additional impact of the drought pean into the designitude site in the conditional residence of the discoulding site in the additional impact of the drought pean into the designitude site in the conditional roles significant effects are designificant effects on the Septimizant effects on the Parliagate Downs SAC. Lydden and Englise Evel Downs SAC is this site is not water dependent, and no hydrological links were identified. The Horizotta Policy bearing and physical effects on the parliagate Downs SAC. Lydden and Englise Evel Downs SAC is this site is not water dependent, and no hydrological links were identified. The Horizotta Policy bearing and physical effects on the parliagate Downs SAC. Lydden and Englise Evel Downs SAC is this site is not water dependent, and no hydrological links were identified. The Horizotta Policy bearing and Physical Policy Back SAC is the site of the Parliagate Downs SAC. Lydden and Englise Evel Downs SAC is this site is not water dependent, and no hydrological links were identified.  Macromers technics. Macrophysis and Physicalminos. These conclusions are made on a procautionary basis. The implementation of this drought option is not anticipated to increase the spread of INNS.	Precautionary monitoring and mitigation measures have been proposed for agreement with the EA. Mitigation measures will be feature, location, species and community specific, and will be targrade only to those impacts that arise specifically as a result of drough premit implementation is opposed to those arising due to the property of the common specific property of the property o	0	O	0	
Soil	Protect and enhance the functionality, quantity and quality of soils	0	0	0	0	The option is within Grade 3 agricultural land. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect. The option is over 200m from an authorised landfill site or historic landfill sites.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Increase resilience and reduce flood risk	0	0	0		The option is located with Flood Zone 1 therefore at low risk of flooding from rivers or the sea. The option is located in area identified as having a high risk of surface water flooding.	Implement measures to reduce flood risk, however likely that residual flood risk will remain therefore minor effects identified.	0	0	0	
Water	Protect and enhance the quality of the water environment and water resources	0	0	0		The Dark SVE EAR (2018) identified, on a precedimeny basis, the potential for the following effects on hydrogeology bydrology in the following well-rodges: moderate and rempowey impacts in Reseal Technology and Reach 2 Upper Darw. Major impact in Reach 3 A Braided section and Reach 3 Blower Darw Potential readjpile to moderate effects, who been identified for writer quality in all the Curraches reviewed apart of the data SVE EAR. However, as noted, these impacts are provided on a precationary basis. Option is within 597 1, however the option will not result in any effects to the 597. The option is not within a NVZ.	Demand management will be enhanced alongside the drought permit to reduce he volume required. Mitigation will be crossed on specific coopical impacts associated with flow reductions arising from the implementation of the drought permit. Water quality and river flowed groundwater been increasing with bear the cross of the properties of the properties of the ones of the origing formula from the ones of the origing formula from implementation, and finally post drought.	o	0	0	
	Deliver reliable and resilient water supplies	0	0		0	Drought permit option will allow for the delivery of water supplies during drought periods, however it is not a long- term resilient solution.	N/A	0	0		0
Air	Reduce and minimise air emissions	0	0	0	0	The option is over 500m from an AQMA. No new infrastructure required therefore neutral effect.	N/A	0	0	0	0
	Reduce embodied and operational carbon emissions	0	0	0		No carbon data available. There is no new infrastructure associated with the option therefore no construction related emissions are identified. However, carbon may be generated during the operational phase and a minor negative effect is therefore identified.	Investigate use of renewables during operation for energy supply. As the electricity grid is decarbonised, greener energy will be available.	0	0	0	
Climatic Factors	Reduce vulnerability to climate change risks and hazards	0	0	0		The option will reduce resilience of the environment by abstracting water during a drought period. The option is located within an area which priority habitats are identified to have low-moderate vulnerability to climate change effects.	Monitor river levels	0	0	0	-
Landscape	Conserve, protect and enhance landscape, townscape and seascape character and visual amenity	0	0	0	o	Option is within the North Downs national landscape character area and within the Kent Downs AONB. However, this is not considered a groundwater dependent site and any potential impacts are considered negligible as per the Draft SUYE EAR (2018). The option is not likely to effect the setting, character or views of the landscape	N/A	0	0	0	0
Historic Environment	Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment, including archaeology	0	0	0	o	There are no historic assets within 500m of the option. The SLYE EAR also considers additional heritage features within the study area of the SLYE (option including Kasanyer) Court Registered Park and Carden: Bowl barrow 200m south west of talks Walkernead Scheduled monument; Stak adjust, Ables Powland Scheduled Monument; Bowl barrow at Merins Seeches Scheduled Monument; Bowl barrow at Merins Seeches Scheduled Monument; Bowl barrow 150m north east of Red House Farm Scheduled Monument; The Obligate Farm in Seiden Wood Sheduled Monument. Mainton District Scheduled Monument; Staterins; Variation of Majate Farm in Seiden Wood Sheduled Monument. Mainton District Scheduled Monument; Staterins; Scheduled Monument; Shaterins; Scheduled Monument; Shaterins; Scheduled Monument; Shaterins; Scheduled Monument; Shaterins; Shat	required at a more detailed stage to explore the	o	o	0	o
Population and Human	Maintain and enhance the health and well being of the local community, including economic and social well being	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore there is not likely to be any impacts on the local community.	N/A	0	0	0	0
Health	Maintain and enhance tourism and recreation	0	0	0	0	Drought permit option could affect recreation, angling and other water based activities. However, the draft SLYEEAR (2018) identified engligible effects for angling and recreation. Residents are aware of low flows and drought will worsen flow naturally.  There is no new infrastructure required for the option in therefore untilkely to have effect on waste production or	Continued communication with the local community to increase awareness.	0	0	0	0
Material Assets	Minimise resource use and waste production Avoid negative effects on built assets and	0	0	0	0	There is no new infrastructure required for the option therefore unlikely to have effect on waste production or resource use.  There is no new infrastructure require for the option therefore unlikely to have effects on built assets and	N/A	0	0	0	0
	infrastructure	0	0	0	0	infrastructure.	N/A	0	0	0	0